UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

□ Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Section 14 or 15(d) of the Section	curities Exchange Act of 1934 f	or the quarterly period ended March 31, 2020
	OR	
☐ Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Se	ecurities Exchange Act of 1934	for the transition period from to
Со	mmission File Number <u>0-13928</u>	3
U.S. GLO	BAL INVESTO	RS, INC.
(Exact nam	ne of registrant as specified in its	s charter)
<u>Texas</u> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		74-1598370 (IRS Employer Identification No.)
7900 Callaghan Road San Antonio, Texas (Address of principal executive offices)		<u>78229</u> (Zip Code)
(Registrant's	(210) 308-1234 s telephone number, including a	area code)
(Former name, former addr	Not Applicable ress, and former fiscal year, if cl	hanged since last report)
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: No	one	
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:		
Title of each class Class A common stock, \$0.025 par value per share	Trading symbol(s) GROW	Name of each exchange on which registered NASDAQ Capital Market
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has a of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square		filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has subtracted 405 of Regulation S-T ($\S232.405$ of this chapter) during the psuch files). Yes \boxtimes No \square		ractive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule ch shorter period that the registrant was required to submit
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accompany" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.		ed filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, iler," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth
Large accelerated filer \square Non-accelerated filer \boxtimes	Accelerated filer Smaller reporting Emerging growth	g company ⊠
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check m with any new or revised financial accounting standards provi		d not to use the extended transition period for complying of the Exchange Act. \Box
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell	company (as defined in Rule 1	2b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes \square No \boxtimes
On April 27, 2020, there were 13,866,811 shares of Reclass A nonvoting common stock issued and outstanding; n shares of Registrant's class C voting common stock issued a	no shares of Registrant's class	ommon stock issued and 12,964,117 shares of Registrant's B nonvoting common shares outstanding; and 2,068,737

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	Marc	ch 31, 2020	Jun	e 30, 2019
(dollars in thousands)	(ur	naudited)		
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,086	\$	1,466
Restricted cash		1,025		1,025
Investments in securities at fair value		6,313		8,021
Accounts and other receivables		399		309
Note receivable		-		199
Prepaid expenses		310		293
Total assets held related to discontinued operations		<u>-</u>		1,780
Total Current Assets		10,133		13,093
Net Property and Equipment		1,556		1,708
Other Assets				
Investments in securities at fair value, non-current		3,167		7,166
Other investments		1,518		1,404
Equity method investments		150		309
Right of use assets		105		-
Other assets, non-current		90		64
Total Other Assets		5,030		8,943
Total Assets	\$	16,719	\$	23,744
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	<u> </u>			
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	36	\$	31
Accrued compensation and related costs	Ψ	269	Ψ	311
Dividends payable		113		113
Lease liability, short-term		49		-
Other accrued expenses		885		496
Total liabilities held related to discontinued operations		-		481
Total Current Liabilities		1,352		1,432
Long-Term Liabilities				
Deferred tax liability		_		133
		56		133
Lease liability, long-term		56		133
Total Long-Term Liabilities				
Total Liabilities		1,408		1,565
Commitments and Continuousies (Note 14)				
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)				
Shareholders' Equity				
Common stock (class A) - \$0.025 par value; nonvoting; authorized, 28,000,000 shares; issued, 13,866,811				
shares and 13,866,751 shares at March 31, 2020, and June 30, 2019, respectively		347		347
Common stock (class B) - \$0.025 par value; nonvoting; authorized, 4,500,000 shares; no shares issued		-		-
Convertible common stock (class C) - \$0.025 par value; voting; authorized, 3,500,000 shares; issued,				
2,068,737 shares and 2,068,797 shares at March 31, 2020, and June 30, 2019, respectively		52		52
Additional paid-in-capital		15,636		15,646
Treasury stock, class A shares at cost; 873,793 shares and 804,959 shares at March 31, 2020, and June 30	J,	/		
2019, respectively		(1,953)		(1,888)
•		(9)		(206)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		1,238		7,761
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax Retained earnings				
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax Retained earnings Total U.S. Global Investors Inc. Shareholders' Equity		15,311		21,712
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax Retained earnings Total U.S. Global Investors Inc. Shareholders' Equity Non-Controlling Interest in Subsidiary		-		467
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax Retained earnings Total U.S. Global Investors Inc. Shareholders' Equity	<u> </u>	15,311 - 15,311 16,719	\$	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)		Nine Months En	ıded	March 31, 2019		Three Months En	ndec	l March 31, 2019
Operating Revenues								
Advisory fees	\$	2,477	\$	2,553	\$	875	\$	812
Administrative services fees		128		141		39		45
		2,605		2,694		914		857
Operating Expenses								
Employee compensation and benefits		2,060		2,150		715		680
General and administrative		2,440		2,234		1,091		753
Advertising		111		122		37		42
Depreciation and amortization		152		164		50		54
·		4,763		4,670		1,893		1,529
Operating Loss	-	(2,158)		(1,976)		(979)		(672)
Other Income (Loss)		() /		() /		` ′		,
Investment income (loss)		(3,922)		(2,231)		(441)		2,100
Income (loss) from equity method investments		(146)		(52)		(91)		3
Other income		90		27		29		7
		(3,978)		(2,256)	_	(503)		2,110
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations Before Income		()	_	(,)	_	(111)		,
Taxes		(6,136)		(4,232)		(1,482)		1,438
Provision for Income Taxes		(*,*)		(-,)		(-,)		-,
Tax expense (benefit)		(174)		(554)		75		546
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations		(5,962)		(3,678)	_	(1,557)	_	892
Discontinued Operations		(=,, ==)		(=,:.)		(-,)		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations of investment								
management services in Canada before income taxes		(338)		149		(85)		(185)
Tax benefit		-		-		-		(11)
Income (Loss) from Discontinued Operations		(338)		149	_	(85)		(174)
Net Income (Loss)		(6,300)	_	(3,529)	_	(1,642)		718
Less: Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Non-Controlling		(*,= * *)		(=,==>)		(-,-,-)		
Interest from Discontinued Operations		(118)		52		(30)		(61)
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to U.S. Global Investors, Inc.	\$	(6,182)	\$	(3,581)	\$	(1,612)	\$	779
Earnings Per Share Attributable to U.S. Global Investors, Inc.								
Basic Net Income (Loss) per Share Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	(0.40)	\$	(0.24)	\$	(0.11)	\$	0.06
× ,	\$	(0.40)	\$	(0.24)	\$	(0.11)	\$	(0.01)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$	(0.41)	\$	(0.24)	\$	(0.11)	\$	0.05
Net income (loss)	Ф	(0.41)	Ф	(0.24)	Þ	(0.11)	D	0.03
Diluted Net Income (Loss) per Share	Ф	(0.40)	Ф	(0.24)	Ф	(0.11)	Ф	0.06
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	(0.40)	\$	(0.24)	\$	(0.11)	\$	0.06
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.24)	\$	(0.11)	\$	(0.01)
Net income (loss)	\$	(0.41)	\$	(0.24)	\$	(0.11)	\$	0.05
Pasia waighted average number of common shares								
Basic weighted average number of common shares		15 127 110		15 141 071		15 101 050		15 122 400
outstanding Diluted weighted average number of common shares		15,127,118		15,141,061		15,121,950		15,132,408
outstanding		15,127,118		15,141,061		15,121,950		15,132,408
vusamunig		15,147,110		15,141,001		15,141,950		13,134,400

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (UNAUDITED)

	Nine Months Er	Nine Months Ended March 31,				Three Months Ended March 31,		
(dollars in thousands)	2020		2019		2020		2019	
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to U.S. Global Investors, Inc.	\$ (6,182)	\$	(3,581)	\$	(1,612)	\$	779	
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax:								
Foreign currency translation adjustment	311		(7)		310		41	
Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(5,871)		(3,588)		(1,302)		820	
Less: Comprehensive Income (Loss) Attributable to Non-								
Controlling Interest	 114		(8)		114		13	
Comprehensive Income (Loss) Attributable to U.S. Global								
Investors, Inc.	\$ (5,985)	\$	(3,580)	\$	(1,416)	\$	807	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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U.S. GLOBAL INVESTORS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

Common

Stock

Additional

Paid-in

Treasury

Common

Stock

(dollars in thousands)	(class A))	(class C)	Capital	Stock	Income (Loss)	Earnings	Interest	Total
Balance at June 30, 2019									
(13,866,751 shares of class									
A; 2,068,797 shares of									
class C)	\$ 3	47	\$ 52	\$ 15,646	\$ (1,888)	\$ (206)	\$ 7,761	\$ 467	\$ 22,179
Purchases of 72,820 shares									
of Common Stock (class A)		_	-	-	(74)	-	-	-	(74)
Issuance of stock under					,				()
ESPP of 1,286 shares of									
Common Stock (class A)		_	_	(1)	3	_	_	_	2
Conversion of 60 shares of				(-)					_
class C common stock for									
class A common stock		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Dividends declared		_	_	_	_	_	(341)	_	(341)
Stock bonuses		_	_	(3)	6	_	(541)	_	3
Stock-based compensation				(3)	U				3
expense				(6)					(6)
Deconsolidation of non-		_	-	(0)	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(0)
								(162)	(462)
controlling interest		-	-	-	-	-	-	(463)	(463)
Other comprehensive						107		114	211
income, net of tax		-	-	-	-	197	(6.102)	114	311
Net loss						<u> </u>	(6,182)	(118)	(6,300)
Balance at March 31, 2020									
(13,866,811 shares of class									
A; 2,068,737 shares of	Φ 2	47	¢ 52	Φ 15.626	ф (1.052)	Φ (0)	ф 1.220	ф	e 15.211
class C)	\$ 3	47	\$ 52	\$ 15,636	\$ (1,953)	\$ (9)	\$ 1,238	<u> </u>	\$ 15,311
						Accumulated			
	Commor	1	Common	Additional		Other		Non-	
	Stock		Stock	Paid-in	Treasury	Comprehensive	Retained	Controlling	
(dollars in thousands)	Stock (class A))	Stock (class C)	Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock	Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings	Controlling Interest	Total
Balance at June 30, 2018)_			•	_		_	Total
-)			•	_		_	Total
Balance at June 30, 2018)_			•	_		_	Total
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class	(class A)) <u> </u>			•	Income (Loss)		_	* 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of	(class A)	_	(class C)	Capital	Stock	Income (Loss)	Earnings	Interest	
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C)	(class A)	_	(class C)	Capital	Stock	Income (Loss)	Earnings	Interest	
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to	(class A)	_	(class C)	Capital	Stock	Income (Loss)	Earnings	Interest	
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01,	(class A)	_	(class C)	Capital	Stock	\$ 1,858	Earnings \$ 9,513	Interest	
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049	(class A)	47	(class C) \$ 52	Capital	\$ (1,878)	\$ 1,858 (2,089)	### \$\frac{\text{Earnings}}{\text{\$9,513}}	\$ 518	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018	(class A)	47	(class C) \$ 52	Capital	\$ (1,878) - (1,878)	\$ 1,858 (2,089)	### \$\frac{\text{Earnings}}{\text{\$9,513}}	\$ 518	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018 Purchases of 20,075 shares of Common Stock (class A)	(class A)	47	(class C) \$ 52	Capital	\$ (1,878)	\$ 1,858 (2,089)	### \$\frac{\text{Earnings}}{\text{\$9,513}}	\$ 518	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018 Purchases of 20,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under	(class A)	47	(class C) \$ 52	Capital	\$ (1,878) - (1,878)	\$ 1,858 (2,089)	### \$\frac{\text{Earnings}}{\text{\$9,513}}	\$ 518	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018 Purchases of 20,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 1,966 shares of	(class A)	47	(class C) \$ 52	* 15,650 - 15,650	\$ (1,878) 	\$ 1,858 (2,089)	### \$\frac{\text{Earnings}}{\text{\$9,513}}	\$ 518	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018 Purchases of 20,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 1,966 shares of Common Stock (class A)	(class A)	47	(class C) \$ 52	Capital	\$ (1,878) - (1,878)	\$ 1,858 (2,089)	\$ 9,513 2,089 11,602	\$ 518	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018 Purchases of 20,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 1,966 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared	(class A)	47	(class C) \$ 52	* 15,650 15,650 (2)	\$ (1,878)	\$ 1,858 (2,089)	### \$\frac{\text{Earnings}}{\text{\$9,513}}	\$ 518	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018 Purchases of 20,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 1,966 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared Stock bonuses	(class A)	47	(class C) \$ 52	* 15,650 - 15,650	\$ (1,878) 	\$ 1,858 (2,089)	\$ 9,513 2,089 11,602	\$ 518	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018 Purchases of 20,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 1,966 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared Stock bonuses Stock-based compensation	(class A)	47	(class C) \$ 52	Capital	\$ (1,878)	\$ 1,858 (2,089)	\$ 9,513 2,089 11,602	\$ 518	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018 Purchases of 20,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 1,966 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared Stock bonuses Stock-based compensation expense	(class A)	47	(class C) \$ 52	* 15,650 15,650 (2)	\$ (1,878)	\$ 1,858 (2,089)	\$ 9,513 2,089 11,602	\$ 518	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018 Purchases of 20,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 1,966 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared Stock bonuses Stock-based compensation expense Other comprehensive loss,	(class A)	47	(class C) \$ 52	Capital	\$ (1,878)	\$ 1,858 (2,089) (231)	\$ 9,513 2,089 11,602	\$ 518	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018 Purchases of 20,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 1,966 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared Stock bonuses Stock-based compensation expense Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(class A)	47	(class C) \$ 52	Capital	\$ (1,878)	\$ 1,858 (2,089)	\$ 9,513 2,089 11,602	\$ 518	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018 Purchases of 20,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 1,966 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared Stock bonuses Stock-based compensation expense Other comprehensive loss, net of tax Net income (loss)	(class A)	47	(class C) \$ 52	Capital	\$ (1,878)	\$ 1,858 (2,089) (231)	\$ 9,513 2,089 11,602	\$ 518	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018 Purchases of 20,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 1,966 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared Stock bonuses Stock-based compensation expense Other comprehensive loss, net of tax Net income (loss) Balance at March 31, 2019	(class A)	47	(class C) \$ 52	Capital	\$ (1,878)	\$ 1,858 (2,089) (231)	\$ 9,513 2,089 11,602	\$ 518	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018 Purchases of 20,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 1,966 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared Stock bonuses Stock-based compensation expense Other comprehensive loss, net of tax Net income (loss) Balance at March 31, 2019 (13,866,691 shares of class	(class A)	47	(class C) \$ 52	Capital	\$ (1,878)	\$ 1,858 (2,089) (231)	\$ 9,513 2,089 11,602	\$ 518	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018 Purchases of 20,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 1,966 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared Stock bonuses Stock-based compensation expense Other comprehensive loss, net of tax Net income (loss) Balance at March 31, 2019 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of	\$ 3	- 47 - - - -	(class C)	Capital \$ 15,650	\$ (1,878)	\$ 1,858 (2,089) (231) 1	\$ 9,513 2,089 11,602 - (341) - (3,581)	518 (8) 52	\$ 26,060
Balance at June 30, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Reclassification pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01, net of tax of \$1,049 Balance at July 1, 2018 Purchases of 20,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 1,966 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared Stock bonuses Stock-based compensation expense Other comprehensive loss, net of tax Net income (loss) Balance at March 31, 2019 (13,866,691 shares of class	\$ 3	47	(class C) \$ 52	Capital	\$ (1,878)	\$ 1,858 (2,089) (231)	\$ 9,513 2,089 11,602	\$ 518	\$ 26,060

Accumulated

Other

Comprehensive

Non-

Controlling

Retained

$\hbox{U.s. GLOBAL INVESTORS, INC.} \\ \hbox{CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED) }$

(dollars in thousands)	St	nmon ock ss A)	Common Stock (class C)		Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings	Non- Controlling Interest	Total
Balance at December 31,	(CIA	33 11)	(class c)	_	Сариа	Stock	income (E033)	Larinings	Interest	1000
2019 (13,866,811 shares of										
class A; 2,068,737 shares										
of class C)	\$	347	\$ 52	,	\$ 15,638	\$ (1,888)	\$ (205)	\$ 2,964	\$ 379	\$ 17,287
Purchases of 69,420 shares	φ	J -1 /	φ 5.	_	\$ 15,056	\$ (1,000)	\$ (203)	\$ 2,904	\$ 319	\$ 17,207
of Common Stock (class A)						(68)				(68)
Issuance of stock under						(00)				(00)
ESPP of 553 shares of										
Common Stock (class A)		_		_	(1)	1	_	_	_	_
Dividends declared		_		_	(1)	_	_	(114)	_	(114)
Stock bonuses		_		_	(1)	2	<u>-</u>	(11-1)	_	1
Stock-based compensation					(1)					1
expense		_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Deconsolidation of non-										
controlling interest		_		_	_	_	_	_	(463)	(463)
Other comprehensive									(403)	(403)
income, net of tax		_		_	_	_	196	_	114	310
Net loss		_		_	_	_	170	(1,612)	(30)	(1,642)
Balance at March 31, 2020				-			<u> </u>	(1,012)	(30)	(1,042)
(13,866,811 shares of class										
A; 2,068,737 shares of										
class C)	\$	347	\$ 52	2	\$ 15,636	\$ (1,953)	\$ (9)	\$ 1,238	\$ -	\$ 15,311
ciass C)										
	-			=						
				=					<u></u>	* 33,533
		nmon	· 	=			Accumulated	<u>. </u>		<u> </u>
	Con	nmon ock	Common	=	Additional		Accumulated Other		Non-	<u>- 3,</u>
	Con	ock	Common Stock	=	Additional Paid-in	Treasury	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Retained	Non- Controlling	,
(dollars in thousands)	Con		Common		Additional		Accumulated Other		Non-	Total
(dollars in thousands) Balance at December 31,	Con	ock	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in	Treasury	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Retained	Non- Controlling	,
(dollars in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of	Con	ock	Common Stock	_	Additional Paid-in	Treasury	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Retained	Non- Controlling	,
(dollars in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares	Con St (cla	ock ss A)	Common Stock (class C)	-	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings	Non- Controlling Interest	Total
(dollars in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C)	Con	ock	Common Stock	2	Additional Paid-in	Treasury	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings	Non- Controlling	,
(dollars in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Purchases of 8,075 shares of	Con St (cla	ock ss A)	Common Stock (class C)	2	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings	Non- Controlling Interest	Total \$ 21,530
(dollars in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Purchases of 8,075 shares of Common Stock (class A)	Con St (cla	ock ss A)	Common Stock (class C)	2	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings	Non- Controlling Interest	Total
(dollars in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Purchases of 8,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under	Con St (cla	ock ss A)	Common Stock (class C)	2	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings	Non- Controlling Interest	Total \$ 21,530
(dollars in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Purchases of 8,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 505 shares of	Con St (cla	ock ss A)	Common Stock (class C)	2	Additional Paid-in Capital \$ 15,649	Treasury Stock \$ (1,885)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings	Non- Controlling Interest	Total \$ 21,530
(dollars in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Purchases of 8,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 505 shares of Common Stock (class A)	Con St (cla	ock ss A)	Common Stock (class C)	2	Additional Paid-in Capital \$ 15,649	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings \$ 7,015	Non- Controlling Interest	Total \$ 21,530 (9)
(dollars in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Purchases of 8,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 505 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared	Con St (cla	ock ss A)	Common Stock (class C)	2	Additional Paid-in Capital \$ 15,649 - (1)	Treasury Stock \$ (1,885) (9)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings	Non- Controlling Interest	Total \$ 21,530 (9) - (114)
(dollars in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Purchases of 8,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 505 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared Stock bonuses	Con St (cla	ock ss A)	Common Stock (class C)	22	Additional Paid-in Capital \$ 15,649	Treasury Stock \$ (1,885)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings \$ 7,015	Non- Controlling Interest	Total \$ 21,530 (9)
(dollars in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Purchases of 8,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 505 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared Stock bonuses Other comprehensive	Con St (cla	ock ss A)	Common Stock (class C)	2	Additional Paid-in Capital \$ 15,649 - (1)	Treasury Stock \$ (1,885) (9)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) \$ (258)	Retained Earnings \$ 7,015	Non-Controlling Interest \$ 610	Total \$ 21,530 (9) - (114) 1
(dollars in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Purchases of 8,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 505 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared Stock bonuses Other comprehensive income, net of tax	Con St (cla	ock ss A)	Common Stock (class C)	2	Additional Paid-in Capital \$ 15,649 - (1)	Treasury Stock \$ (1,885) (9)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) \$ (258)	Retained Earnings \$ 7,015	Non-Controlling Interest \$ 610	Total \$ 21,530 (9) - (114) 1 41
(dollars in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Purchases of 8,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 505 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared Stock bonuses Other comprehensive income, net of tax Net income (loss)	Con St (cla	ock ss A)	Common Stock (class C)	2	Additional Paid-in Capital \$ 15,649 - (1)	Treasury Stock \$ (1,885) (9)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) \$ (258)	Retained Earnings \$ 7,015	Non-Controlling Interest \$ 610	Total \$ 21,530 (9) - (114) 1
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(dollars in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2018 (13,866,691 shares of class A; 2,068,857 shares of class C) Purchases of 8,075 shares of Common Stock (class A) Issuance of stock under ESPP of 505 shares of Common Stock (class A) Dividends declared Stock bonuses Other comprehensive income, net of tax Net income (loss) Balance at March 31, 2019 (13,866,691 shares of class	Con St (cla	ock ss A)	Common Stock (class C)	2	Additional Paid-in Capital \$ 15,649 - (1)	Treasury Stock \$ (1,885) (9)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) \$ (258)	Retained Earnings \$ 7,015	Non-Controlling Interest \$ 610	Total \$ 21,530 (9) - (114) 1 41
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	N	Nine Months Ende	ed March 31,
(dollars in thousands)		2020	2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	'		
Net loss	\$	(6,300) \$	(3,529)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		152	164
Net recognized loss on securities		-	98
Investment basis adjustment		(49)	(19)
Gain on disposal of Galileo		(151)	-
Net loss from equity method investment		146	52
Net (income) loss from discontinued operations, net of tax		338	(149)
Foreign currency transaction loss		228	22
Provision for deferred taxes		(139)	(547)
Stock bonuses		3	3
Stock-based compensation expense		-	2
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable and notes receivable		108	671
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(148)	(25)
Investment securities		5,707	2,902
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		456	(452)
Total adjustments		6,651	2,722
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		351	(807)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Purchase of investments in securities at fair value, non-current		-	(1,588)
Purchase of equity method investment		-	(230)
Purchase of other investments		(75)	(100)
Proceeds from sale of Galileo		746	-
Proceeds on sale of equity method investment		-	230
Proceeds from note receivable		-	18
Return of capital on investments		10	68
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		681	(1,602)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:			
Issuance of common stock		2	3
Repurchases of common stock		(74)	(24)
Dividends paid		(340)	(341)
Net cash used in financing activities		(412)	(362)
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		620	(2,771)
Beginning cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		2,491	5,766
Ending cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$	3,111 \$	2,995
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information			
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	- \$	119

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

U.S. Global Investors, Inc. (the "Company" or "U.S. Global") has prepared the consolidated financial statements pursuant to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") and the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") that permit reduced disclosure for interim periods. The financial information included herein reflects all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments), which are, in management's opinion, necessary for a fair presentation of results for the interim periods presented. The Company has consistently followed the accounting policies set forth in the notes to the consolidated financial statements in the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, except for the adoption of new accounting pronouncements discussed below.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, U.S. Global Investors (Bermuda) Limited, U.S. Global Investors (Canada) Limited ("USCAN"), and U.S. Global Indices, LLC, and its 65 percent interest in Galileo Global Equity Advisors Inc. ("Galileo").

Effective March 2, 2020, the Company sold its shares in Galileo back to Galileo. Through the date of sale, Galileo was consolidated with the operations of the Company. The non-controlling interest in this subsidiary was included in "Non-Controlling Interest in Subsidiary" in the equity section of the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Frank Holmes, CEO, and Lisa Callicotte, CFO, served as directors of Galileo through March 2, 2020. See Note 2 below for further information. Results of operations of Galileo through the date of sale are presented in the consolidated financial statements as discontinued operations.

Operating results for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, are not necessarily indicative of the results the Company may expect for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 ("fiscal 2020"), particularly in light of the novel coronavirus 19 ("COVID-19") and its effects on the U.S. and global economies.

The COVID-19 pandemic presents ongoing significant economic and societal disruption and market volatility, which have known and yet to be seen impacts to the Company's business and operating environment driven by significant volatility in the interest rate and financial markets. There are no reliable estimates of how long the pandemic will last, how many people are likely to be affected by it, or its impact on the overall economy.

To limit the spread of COVID-19, governments have taken various actions including the issuance of stay-at-home orders and social distancing guidelines, causing some businesses to suspend operations, disrupting the global supply chain, and creating a reduction in demand for many products. This has negatively affected global financial markets and has caused significant financial market depreciation, thus reducing certain of the Company's assets under management ("AUM"), the revenue related to those assets, and returns on corporate investments. The AUM are the primary source of the Company's revenues. Revenues and net income are significantly affected by investment performance and the total value and composition of AUM. These factors, in turn, are largely determined by overall investment market performance and investor activity.

Should the negative effect on global financial markets continue for an extended period, there could be an adverse material financial impact on the Company's results of operations, cash flows and financial position resulting from reduced revenues earned on AUM and returns on corporate investments. At this time, the Company cannot reasonably estimate the future impact, given the uncertainty over the duration and severity of the economic crisis.

There are two primary consolidation models in U.S. GAAP, the variable interest entity ("VIE") and voting interest entity models. The Company's evaluation for consolidation includes whether entities in which it has an interest or from which it receives fees are VIEs and whether the Company is the primary beneficiary of any VIEs identified in its analysis. A VIE is an entity in which either (a) the equity investment at risk is not sufficient to permit the entity to finance its own activities without additional financial support or (b) the group of holders of the equity investment at risk lack certain characteristics of a controlling financial interest. The primary beneficiary is the entity that has the obligation to absorb a majority of the expected losses or the right to receive the majority of the residual returns and consolidates the VIE on the basis of having a controlling financial interest.

The Company holds variable interests in, but is not deemed to be the primary beneficiary of, certain funds it advises, specifically, certain funds in U.S. Global Investors Funds ("USGIF" or the "Funds"). The Company's interests in these VIEs consist of the Company's direct ownership therein and any fees earned but uncollected. See further information about these funds in Notes 3 and 4. In the ordinary course of business, the Company may choose to waive certain fees or assume operating expenses of the funds it advises for competitive, regulatory or contractual reasons (see Note 4 for information regarding fee waivers). The Company has not provided financial support to any of these entities outside the ordinary course of business. The Company's risk of loss with respect to these VIEs is limited to the carrying value of its investments in, and fees receivable from, the entities. The Company does not consolidate these VIEs because it is not the primary beneficiary. The Company's total exposure to unconsolidated VIEs, consisting of the carrying value of investment securities and receivables for fees, was \$6.9 million at March 31, 2020, and \$8.8 million at June 30, 2019.

Since the Company is not the primary beneficiary of the above funds it advises, the Company evaluated if it should consolidate under the voting interest entity model. Under the voting interest model, for legal entities other than partnerships, the usual condition for control is ownership, directly or indirectly, of more than 50 percent of the outstanding voting shares over an entity. The Company does not have control of any of the above funds it advises; therefore, the Company does not consolidate any of these funds.

The Company currently holds a variable interest in a fund organized as a limited partnership advised by Galileo, and during fiscal years 2019 held a variable interest in another fund advised by Galileo, but these entities do not qualify as VIEs. Since they are not VIEs, the Company evaluated if it should consolidate them under the voting interest entity model. Under the voting interest model, for legal entities other than partnerships, the usual condition for control is ownership, directly or indirectly, of more than 50 percent of the outstanding voting shares over an entity. The Company does not have control of the entities and, therefore, does not consolidate them. However, the Company was considered to have the ability to exercise significant influence. Thus, the investments have been accounted for under the equity method of accounting. See further information about these investments in Note 3.

All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain amounts have been reclassified for comparative purposes. Certain quarterly amounts may not add to the year-to-date amount due to rounding. The results of operations for the nine months ended March 31, 2020, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire year.

The unaudited interim financial information in these condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements contained in the Company's annual report.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements and Developments

Accounting Pronouncements Adopted During the Period

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*, and has subsequently issued several amendments (collectively, "ASU 2016-02"), which replaces existing lease accounting guidance. ASU 2016-02 introduces a lessee model that brings most leases on the balance sheet by recording a lease asset and a lease liability. The new standard also requires enhanced disclosure surrounding the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leasing agreements. The new guidance was effective for public business entities for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods therein. The Company elected the transition method at the adoption date of July 1, 2019, whereby it initially applied the new standard at the adoption date, versus at the beginning of the earliest period presented. Upon adoption, the Company elected the package of transition practical expedients which would allow the Company to carry forward prior conclusions related to: (i) whether any expired or existing contracts are or contain leases, (ii) the lease classification for any expired or existing leases and (iii) initial direct costs for existing leases. Additionally, the Company elected the practical expedient to not separate lease components from nonlease components for all except real estate leases. The Company made an accounting policy election to keep leases with an initial term of 12 months or less off the Consolidated Balance Sheets and will recognize related lease payments in the Consolidated Statements of Operations on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Company's current leases are primarily for equipment and for office space for the Canadian subsidiary. The adoption resulted in a gross up in total assets and total liabilities on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. Upon adoption on July 1, 2019, the Company's total assets and total liabilities increased by less than \$400,000.

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-02, *Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income* ("ASU 2018-02"). ASU 2018-02 allowed entities the option to reclassify tax effects resulting from recording the effects of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act enacted in December 2017 from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings. The guidance was effective for all entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company adopted this standard on July 1, 2019, with no impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326), Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*, and has subsequently issued several amendments (collectively, "ASU 2016-13"). ASU 2016-13 adds to U.S. GAAP an impairment model (known as the current expected credit loss model) that is based on expected losses rather than incurred losses. Under the new guidance, an entity recognizes as an allowance its estimate of expected credit losses. ASU 2016-13 will be effective for smaller reporting companies, including U.S. Global, for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. Earlier application is permitted only for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

In April 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-04, Codification Improvements to Topic 326, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses, Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, and Topic 825, Financial Instruments ("ASU 2019-04"). ASU 2019-04 clarifies areas of guidance related to the recently issued standards on credit losses (Topic 326), derivatives and hedging (Topic 815), and recognition and measurement of financial instruments (Topic 825). The standard follows the effective dates of the previously issued ASUs, unless an entity has already early adopted the previous ASUs, in which case the effective date will vary according to each specific ASU adoption. The new guidance in ASU 2019-04 on recognizing and measuring financial instruments will be effective for smaller reporting companies, including U.S. Global, for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, including interim periods within those fiscal years. If an entity has adopted all of the amendments to ASU 2016-01, it is permitted to early adopt the new guidance. The Company does not believe the adoption of this new amendment will have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In December 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-12, *Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes* ("ASU 2019-12"). ASU 2019-12 enhances and simplifies various aspects of the income tax accounting guidance. The amendments in ASU 2019-12 are effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, including interim periods therein. Early adoption of the standard is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

Significant Accounting Policies

As a result of the adoptions of accounting pronouncements during the current period that affected leases, the following accounting policies have been updated. For a complete listing of the Company's significant accounting policies, please refer to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Leases. The Company and its subsidiaries lease equipment and office space under various leasing arrangements. Leases may be classified as either financing leases or operating leases, as appropriate. The Company determines if a contract is a lease or contains a lease at inception. The Company accounts for its office facility leases as operating leases, which may include escalation clauses. The Company accounts for lease and nonlease components as a single component for its leases, except for real estate leases. The Company elected the short-term lease exception for leases with an initial term of 12 months or less. Consequently, such leases are not recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company's lease terms include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain they will be exercised or not, respectively.

Fixed lease payments are included in right of use ("ROU") assets and lease liabilities within other assets and liabilities, respectively, on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. ROU assets and lease liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the future lease payments over the lease term at the commencement date using the Company's incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. Fixed lease payments made over the lease term are recorded as lease expense on a straight-line basis. Variable lease payments based on usage, changes in an index or market rate are expensed as incurred.

Upon adoption of ASU 2016-02, for existing leases, the Company elected to determine the discount rate based on the remaining lease term as of July 1, 2019. For new leases, the discount rates are based on the entire noncancelable lease term.

The Company is the lessor of certain areas of its owned office building under operating leases. The Company determines if a contract is a lease or contains a lease at inception. The Company elected not to separate lease and related non-lease components and account for the combined component as an operating lease.

NOTE 2. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

USCAN entered into a binding letter of intent dated December 30, 2019, with Galileo whereby Galileo, pursuant to a capital restructuring, agreed to repurchase all of its common shares owned by USCAN for \$1.0 million (Canadian). The transaction was subject to the approval of Canadian securities regulatory authorities and to the satisfaction of other closing conditions. The transaction closed effective March 2, 2020. Proceeds of approximately \$746,000 were received (the equivalent of \$1.0 million Canadian on the closing date of sale), and a realized gain of approximately \$151,000 was recorded. In addition, approximately \$228,000 in foreign currency loss was released from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into current year loss upon closing the sale.

After the transaction, the Company has not and will not have continuing involvement with the operations of Galileo, except for an equity method investment in a fund managed by Galileo. See further information on this equity method investment in Note 3, Investments.

The results of Galileo through the March 2, 2020, closing date are reflected as "discontinued operations" in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and are therefore, excluded from continuing operations results. Comparative periods shown in the Consolidated Financial Statements have been adjusted to conform to this presentation. Operations of Galileo had previously been presented as the separate business segment of Investment Management Services – Canada.

The components of assets and liabilities classified as discontinued operations were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 1,482
Accounts and other receivables	=	200
Prepaid expenses	=	52
Net Property and Equipment	-	38
Other assets, non-current		8
Total assets held related to discontinued operations	\$ -	\$ 1,780
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 135
Accrued compensation and related costs	=	84
Other accrued expenses		262
Total liabilities held related to discontinued operations	\$ -	\$ 481

The components of income (loss) from discontinued operations were as follows. Note that amounts in the current fiscal year are through the March 2, 2020, closing date of sale.

		Nine Months Er	nded March 31,	Three Months Ended March 31,			
(dollars in thousands)		2020	2019	2020	2019		
Revenues							
Advisory fees	\$	235	\$ 1,299	\$ 50	\$ 114		
		235	1,299	50	114		
Expenses							
Employee compensation and benefits		77	395	23	94		
General and administrative		508	810	125	229		
Depreciation and amortization		6	7	1	2		
		591	1,212	149	325		
Other Income (Loss)							
Investment income (loss)		24	23	21	(7)		
Other income (loss)		(6)	39	(7)	33		
		18	62	14	26		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations of investment							
management services in Canada before income taxes		(338)	149	(85)	(185)		
Tax benefit		=	=	-	(11)		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations of investment							
management services in Canada		(338)	149	(85)	(174)		
Less: net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling							
interest from discontinued operations		(118)	52	(30)	(61)		
Net income (loss) attributable to U.S. Global Investors, Inc.							
from discontinued operations of investment management	Φ.	(220)	Φ 0=				
services in Canada	\$	(220)	\$ 97	\$ (55)	\$ (113)		

Galileo provides advisory services for clients in Canada and receives advisory fees based on the net asset values of the clients. Galileo may also receive performance fees from certain clients when market appreciation or realized net gains exceeds established benchmarks. Performance fees, which were included in advisory fees in the table above, were recognized when it was determined that they were no longer probable of significant reversal. Galileo recorded no performance fees from these clients for the three or nine months ended March 31, 2020, or the three months ended March 31, 2019. Galileo recorded performance fees of \$870,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2019. Prior to November 2018, performance fees were typically recognized on an annual basis at calendar year-end. Due to changes in funds managed and new agreements in the second quarter of fiscal year 2019, the recognition of these fees changed to a quarterly basis. Galileo may, at its discretion, waive and absorb some of its clients' operating expenses. The amount of fund expenses waived and absorbed was \$19,000 and \$39,000 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, and \$66,000 and \$227,000 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2019, respectively.

Galileo had leases for office equipment and facilities. See further information on these leases in Note 7, Leases.

Galileo files a separate tax return in Canada. At June 30, 2019, a valuation allowance for Galileo of \$183,000 was included to fully reserve for net operating loss carryovers, other carryovers and certain book/tax differences in the balance sheet.

NOTE 3. INVESTMENTS

As of March 31, 2020, the Company held investments in securities at fair value totaling approximately \$9.5 million with a cost basis of approximately \$12.9 million. The fair value of these investments is 56.7 percent of the Company's total assets at March 31, 2020. In addition, the Company held other investments of approximately \$1.5 million and investments of approximately \$150,000 accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

The Company's equity investments with readily determinable fair values are classified as securities at fair value, and changes in unrealized gains or losses are reported in current period earnings.

Other investments consist of equity investments in entities over which the Company is unable to exercise significant influence and which do not have readily determinable fair values. For these securities, the Company generally elects to value using the measurement alternative, under which such securities are measured at cost, less impairment, plus or minus observable price changes for identical or similar securities of the same issuer with such changes recorded in investment income (loss). See further information about these investments in a separate section of this note.

The cost basis of investments may also be adjusted for amortization of premium or accretion of discount on debt securities held or the recharacterization of distributions from investments in partnerships.

The following details the components of the Company's investments recorded at fair value as of March 31, 2020, and June 30, 2019.

	 March 31, 2020 Unrealized Gains							
(dollars in thousands)	Cost		(Losses)		Fair Value			
Securities at fair value								
Common stock - International	\$ 5,641	\$	(3,034)	\$	2,607			
Common stock - Domestic	45		(45)		-			
Mutual funds - Fixed income	6,313		-		6,313			
Mutual funds - Domestic equity	929		(369)		560			
Total securities at fair value	\$ 12,928	\$	(3,448)	\$	9,480			

	June 30, 2019 Unrealized Gains							
(dollars in thousands)	Cost		(Losses)		Fair Value			
Securities at fair value								
Common stock - International	\$	5,641	\$ 79	\$	6,431			
Common stock - Domestic		45	(4	5)	=			
Mutual funds - Fixed income		8,025	(1)	8,021			
Mutual funds - Domestic equity		929	(19	1)	735			
Total securities at fair value	\$	14,640	\$ 54	\$	15,187			

Included in the above table was \$6.9 million and \$8.8 million as of March 31, 2020, and June 30, 2019, respectively, at fair value invested in USGIF.

Investment Income (Loss)

Investment income (loss) from the Company's investments includes:

- realized gains and losses on sales of securities;
- unrealized gains and losses on securities at fair value;
- realized foreign currency gains and losses;
- other-than-temporary impairments on available-for-sale debt securities;
- impairments and observable price changes on equity investments without readily determinable fair values; and
- dividend and interest income.

The following summarizes investment income (loss) reflected in earnings from continuing operations:

(dollars in thousands)	Nine Months Ended March 31,			Three Months Ended March 31,				
Investment Income (Loss)		2020		2019	2020		2019	
Unrealized gains (losses) on fair valued securities	\$	(3,995)	\$	(2,387)	\$ (3	42)	\$ 1,98	7
Unrealized losses on equity securities without readily								
determinable fair values		-		-	(1	00)		-
Realized gains on sales of fair valued securities		-		16		-	10	6
Realized gain on sale of subsidiary		151		-	1	51		-
Realized foreign currency gains (losses)		(234)		(28)	(2	34)	10	6
Impairments in equity securities without readily determinable								
fair values		-		(114)		-	(28	.8)
Dividend and interest income		156		282		84	109	9
Total Investment Income (Loss)	\$	(3,922)	\$	(2,231)	\$ (4	41)	\$ 2,100	0

Realized gain from sale of subsidiary shown in the table above is from the sale of Galileo. See Note 2 for further information on this transaction. Realized foreign currency gains (losses) for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, includes \$228,000 in foreign currency losses released from other comprehensive income (loss) upon the sale of Galileo.

The three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, included approximately \$442,000 and \$4.0 million of net unrealized losses recognized on equity securities still held at March 31, 2020.

Investment income (loss) can be volatile and varies depending on market fluctuations, the Company's ability to participate in investment opportunities, and timing of transactions. The Company expects that gains and losses will continue to fluctuate in the future.

Fair Value Hierarchy

ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement and Disclosures, defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value and requires companies to disclose the fair value of their financial instruments according to a fair value hierarchy (i.e., Levels 1, 2, and 3 inputs, as defined below). The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs.

Financial instruments measured and reported at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

Level 1 – Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, value of these products does not entail a significant degree of judgment. Level 2 – Valuations based on quoted prices in markets for which not all significant inputs are observable, directly or indirectly. Corporate debt securities valued in accordance with the evaluated price supplied by an independent service are categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy. Other securities categorized as Level 2 include securities valued at the mean between the last reported bid and ask quotation and securities valued with an adjustment to the quoted price due to restrictions.

Level 3 – Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the financial instrument. The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with the investing in those securities. Because of the inherent uncertainties of valuation, the values reflected may materially differ from the values received upon actual sale of those investments.

For actively traded securities, the Company values investments using the closing price of the securities on the exchange or market on which the securities principally trade. If the security is not traded on the last business day of the quarter, it is generally valued at the mean between the last bid and ask quotation. The fair value of a security that has a restriction is based on the quoted price for an otherwise identical unrestricted instrument that trades in a public market, adjusted for the estimated effect of the restriction. Mutual funds, which include open- and closed-end funds and exchange-traded funds, are valued at net asset value or closing price, as applicable. Certain corporate debt securities not traded on an exchange may be valued by an independent pricing service using an evaluated quote based on such factors as institutional-size trading in similar groups of securities, yield, quality, maturity, coupon rate, type of issuance and individual trading characteristics and other market data. As part of its independent price verification process, a portfolio management team, which includes representatives from the investment and accounting departments, periodically reviews the fair value provided by the pricing service using information such as transactions in these investments, broker quotes, market transactions in comparable investments, general market conditions and the issuer's financial condition. Certain debt securities may be valued based on review of similarly structured issuances in similar jurisdictions, when possible, or based on other traded debt securities issued by the issuer. The portfolio management team also takes into consideration numerous other factors that could affect valuation such as overall market conditions, liquidity of the security and bond structure. For other securities included in the fair value hierarchy with unobservable inputs, the portfolio management team considers a number of factors in determining a security's fair value, including the security's trading volume, market values of similar class issuances, investment personnel's judgment regarding the market experience of the issuer, financial status of the issuer, the issuer's management, and back testing, as appropriate. The fair values may differ from what may have been used had a broader market for these securities existed. The portfolio management team reviews inputs and assumptions and reports material items to the Board of Directors. Securities which do not have readily determinable fair values are also periodically reviewed by the portfolio management team.

The following presents fair value measurements, as of March 31, 2020, and June 30, 2019, for the major categories of U.S. Global's investments measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

		March 31, 2020								
	Quote	ed Prices	Sign	ificant Other Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs					
(dollars in thousands)	(Le	evel 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)	_	Total			
Securities at fair value										
Common stock - International	\$	2,386	\$	221	\$	- \$	2,607			
Common stock - Domestic		-		-		-	-			
Mutual funds - Fixed income		6,313		=		-	6,313			
Mutual funds - Domestic equity		560		-		-	560			
Total securities at fair value	\$	9,259	\$	221	\$	- \$	9,480			

		June 30, 2019								
	Quot	ed Prices	Sig	nificant Other Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs	:				
(dollars in thousands)	(L	evel 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)		Total			
Securities at fair value										
Common stock - International	\$	5,599	\$	832	\$	- \$	6,431			
Common stock - Domestic		-		-		-	-			
Mutual funds - Fixed income		8,021		=		-	8,021			
Mutual funds - Domestic equity		735		-			735			
Total securities at fair value	\$	14,355	\$	832	\$	- 9	\$ 15,187			

As of March 31, 2020, 98 percent of the Company's financial assets were classified in the fair value hierarchy as Level 1 and 2 percent as Level 2. As of June 30, 2019, 95 percent of the Company's financial assets were classified in the fair value hierarchy as Level 1 and 5 percent as Level 2

The Company has an investment in 10 million common shares of HIVE Blockchain Technologies Ltd. ("HIVE"), a company that is headquartered and traded in Canada with cryptocurrency mining facilities in Iceland and Sweden, at a cost of \$2.4 million. The shares are subject to Canadian securities regulations. The investment was valued at approximately \$1.3 million at March 31, 2020, and \$3.6 million at June 30, 2019. Cryptocurrency markets and related stocks have been, and are expected to continue to be, volatile. Cryptocurrency mining is considered an early stage high-risk industry, and the nature of mining is expected to evolve. There has been significant volatility in the market price of HIVE, which has materially impacted the investment's value included on the balance sheet and unrealized gain (loss) recognized in investment income. The Company's direct ownership of HIVE was approximately 3.1 percent as of March 31, 2020. Frank Holmes serves on the board as non-executive chairman of HIVE and held shares and options at March 31, 2020. Effective August 31, 2018, Mr. Holmes was named Interim Executive Chairman of HIVE while a search for a new CEO is undertaken.

The Company has an investment in Thunderbird Entertainment Group Inc. ("Thunderbird"), a company headquartered and traded in Canada, which was valued at approximately \$562,000 at March 31, 2020, of which \$361,000 was classified as Level 1 and \$201,000 was classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. The investment was valued at approximately \$1.1 million at June 30, 2019, of which \$377,000 was classified as Level 1 and \$675,000 was classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. The portion of the investment classified in Level 2 is restricted for resale due to escrow provisions; its valuation is based on the quoted market price adjusted for the restriction on resale. The remaining shares in escrow will be released in April 2020. The shares are subject to Canadian securities regulations. The Company's ownership of Thunderbird was approximately 2.5 percent as of March 31, 2020. Frank Holmes serves on the board of this company as a director and held options at March 31, 2020.

The Company has an investment in GoldSpot Discoveries Corp. ("GoldSpot"), a technology company headquartered and traded in Canada which leverages machine learning in natural resource exploration. The investment was valued at approximately \$695,000 at March 31, 2020, of which \$675,000 was classified as Level 1 and \$20,000 was classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. The investment was valued at approximately \$1.7 million at June 30, 2019, of which \$1.6 million was classified as Level 1 and \$157,000 was classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. The portion of the investment classified in Level 2 is restricted for resale due to escrow and regulatory provisions; its valuation is based on the quoted market price adjusted for the restriction on resale. The remaining shares in escrow will be released in August 2020. The shares are subject to Canadian securities regulations. The Company's ownership of GoldSpot was approximately 7.5 percent as of March 31, 2020. Frank Holmes serves on the board of this company as independent chairman and held common stock and options at March 31, 2020.

Other Investments

The carrying value of equity securities without readily determinable fair values was approximately \$1.5 million and \$1.4 million as of March 31, 2020, and June 30, 2019, respectively.

The carrying value of equity securities without readily determinable fair values has been adjusted as follows:

	Nine Months Ended March 31,			Three Months Ended March 31,				
(dollars in thousands)	2020		2019		2020		2019	
Carrying amount, beginning of period	\$ 1,404	\$	2,207	\$	1,488	\$	(602
Adjustments:								
Purchases	75		100		75			100
Reclassification to securities at fair value	=		(1,499)		=			-
Impairments	=		(114)		-			(28)
Other downward adjustments	(124)		(49)		(108)			(29)
Upward adjustments	163		-		63			-
Carrying amount, end of period	\$ 1,518	\$	645	\$	1,518	\$		645

Cumulative impairment adjustments to all equity securities without readily determinable fair values total \$251,000 since their respective acquisitions through March 31, 2020. The cumulative amount of other downward adjustments, which primarily consist of return of capital distributions, is \$777,000, which includes \$108,000 and \$124,000 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, respectively. The cumulative amount of upward adjustments is \$781,000 through March 31, 2020, which includes \$63,000 and \$163,000 in the three months and nine months ended March 31, 2020, respectively.

Investments Classified as Equity Method

Investments classified as equity method consist of investments in companies in which the Company is able to exercise significant influence but not control. Under the equity method of accounting, the investment is initially recorded at cost, then the Company's proportional share of investee's underlying net income or loss is recorded as a component of "other income (loss)" with a corresponding increase or decrease to the carrying value of the investment. Distributions received from the investee reduce the Company's carrying value of the investment. These investments are evaluated for impairment if events or circumstances arise that indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable.

During fiscal year 2018, the Company, through USCAN, invested approximately \$401,000 in the Galileo Technology and Blockchain Fund, a Canadian unit trust investment fund managed by Galileo. The fund reorganized in a taxable transaction into a limited partnership effective November 30, 2018, and the fund terminated. See further discussion below. During the period of ownership, the Company's ownership ranged between approximately 20 and 25 percent, and the Company was considered to have the ability to exercise significant influence. Thus, the investment was accounted for under the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the Company's proportional share of the fund's net income or loss, which primarily consists of realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments offset by fund expenses, is recognized in the Company's earnings. Included in other income (loss) for the nine months ended March 31, 2019, is (\$50,000) of equity method loss for the Galileo Technology and Blockchain Fund. Frank Holmes also directly held an investment in the fund. This fund had a concentration in technology and blockchain companies, which resulted in volatility in the fund's valuation.

As noted above, the Galileo Technology and Blockchain Fund reorganized into a limited partnership effective November 30, 2018. The investment portfolio and unitholders' interests of the Galileo Technology and Blockchain Fund and the Galileo Partners Fund transferred to the new entity, named Galileo Technology and Blockchain LP. The valuation of the Company's investment in the Galileo Technology and Blockchain Fund as of November 30, 2018, of approximately \$230,000 transferred to the Galileo Technology and Blockchain LP. The Company owns approximately 22 percent of the LP as of March 31, 2020, and the Company is considered to have the ability to exercise significant influence. Thus, the investment is accounted for under the equity method of accounting. Included in other income (loss) for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, is (\$91,000) and (\$146,000) of equity method loss for this investment. Included in other income (loss) for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2019, is \$3,000 and (\$2,000) of equity method income (loss) for this investment. The Company's investment in the LP was valued at approximately \$150,000 at March 31, 2020. Frank Holmes also directly held an investment in the LP as of March 31, 2020. This investment has a concentration in technology and blockchain companies, which may result in volatility in its valuation.

NOTE 4. INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT AND OTHER FEES

The following table presents operating revenues disaggregated by performance obligation:

	Nine Months Ended March 31,				Three Months Ended March 31,			
(dollars in thousands)	2020		2019		2020		2019	
USGIF advisory fees	\$ 2,413	\$	2,469	\$	753	\$		785
USGIF performance fees paid	(391)		(372)		(79)			(110)
ETF advisory fees	455		456		201			137
Total Advisory Fees	2,477		2,553		875			812
USGIF administrative services fees	128		141		39			45
Total Operating Revenue	\$ 2,605	\$	2,694	\$	914	\$		857

The Company serves as investment adviser to USGIF and receives a fee based on a specified percentage of average assets under management. The advisory agreement for the equity funds within USGIF provides for a base advisory fee that is adjusted upwards or downwards by 0.25 percent when there is a performance difference of 5 percent or more between a fund's performance and that of its designated benchmark index over the prior rolling 12 months.

The Company has agreed to contractually limit the expenses of the Near-Term Tax Free Fund through April 2021. The Company has voluntarily waived or reduced its fees and/or agreed to pay expenses on the remaining USGIF funds. These caps will continue on a voluntary basis at the Company's discretion. The aggregate fees waived and expenses borne by the Company for USGIF for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, were \$141,000 and \$407,000, respectively, compared with \$164,000 and \$541,000, respectively, for the corresponding period in the prior fiscal year. Management cannot predict the impact of future waivers due the number of variables and the range of potential outcomes.

The Company receives administrative service fees from USGIF based on the average daily net assets at an annual rate 0.05 percent per investor class and 0.04 percent per institutional class of each fund. The institutional classes closed in June 2019.

The Company also serves as investment advisor to two exchange-traded funds (ETFs): U.S. Global Jets ETF (ticker JETS) and U.S. Global GO GOLD and Precious Metal Miners ETF (ticker GOAU). The Company receives a unitary management fee of 0.60 percent of average net assets and has agreed to bear all expenses of the ETFs.

As of March 31, 2020, the Company had \$264,000 in receivables from fund clients, of which \$167,000 was from USGIF and \$97,000 from ETFs. As of June 30, 2019, the Company had \$201,000 in receivables from fund clients, of which \$159,000 was from USGIF and \$42,000 from ETFs.

NOTE 5. RESTRICTED CASH

Restricted cash represents cash invested in a money market account as collateral for credit facilities that is not available for general corporate use. A reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported from the consolidated balance sheets to the statements of cash flows is shown below:

(dollars in thousands)	N	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,086	\$ 1,466		
Restricted cash		1,025	1,025		
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$	3,111	\$ 2,491		

NOTE 6. NOTES RECEIVABLE

Previously, the Company held a note receivable with an unrelated third party which had an annual interest rate of 15 percent and a stated maturity in November 2021. Interest was paid monthly. Quarterly principal repayments started in February 2019. The balance of this note was \$199,000 at June 30, 2019, all of which was classified in current assets. The issuer elected an early redemption option and paid the note in full in July 2019. Proceeds were received for the principal and all accrued interest, and no gain or loss was realized.

NOTE 7. LEASES

The Company has lease agreements on a continuing operations basis for office equipment and real estate in Canada that expire between fiscal years 2020 and 2023. Lease expense included in continuing operations totaled \$39,000 and \$115,000 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, and \$36,000 and \$132,000 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2019, respectively.

The Company's former subsidiary Galileo, which is classified as discontinued operations as described in Note 2, had lease agreements for office equipment and for office facilities. Lease expense included in discontinued operations totaled \$14,000 and \$74,000 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, and \$27,000 and \$81,000 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2019, respectively.

For continuing operations, the components of lease expense included in general and administrative expense on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and qualitative information concerning the Company's operating leases were as follows:

(4-11	Ma	onths Ended rch 31, 2020	Thr	ree Months Ended March 31, 2020
(dollars in thousands)			_	
Operating lease cost	\$	39	\$	13
Short-term lease cost		76		26
Total lease cost	\$	115	\$	39
Cash paid for amounts included in measurement of lease liabilities:				
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$	39	\$	13
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchanged for:				
Net operating lease liabilities	\$	141	\$	-
Weighted-average remaining lease term (in years)		2.08		
Weighted-average discount rate		4.11%)	

Maturities of lease liabilities from continuing operations as of March 31, 2020, are as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	
Fiscal Year	Operating Leases
2020 (excluding the nine months ended March 31, 2020)	\$ 13
2021	53
2022	44
Total lease payments	110
Less imputed interest	(5)
Total	\$ 105

The Company is the lessor of certain areas of its owned office building under operating leases expiring in various years through fiscal year 2023. At the commencement of an operation lease, no income is recognized; subsequently, lease payments received are recognized on a straight-line basis. Lease income included in other income on the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ending March 31, 2020, was \$23,000 and \$64,000, respectively. The cost of obtaining lessor contracts, which is included in other assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, was \$8,000 and \$0 at March 31, 2020, and June 30, 2019, respectively.

A summary analysis of annual undiscounted cash flows to be received on leases as of March 31, 2020, is as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	
Fiscal Year	Operating Leases
2020 (excluding the nine months ended March 31, 2020)	\$ 24
2021	97
2022	81
2023	34
Total lease payments	\$ 236

The Company may terminate the building leases with one hundred eighty days written notice if it sells the property. If the Company terminates the lease, the Company will pay the tenant a termination fee of the lesser of six months of the base monthly rent or the base monthly rent times the number of months remaining in the initial term.

NOTE 8. BORROWINGS

The Company has access to a \$1 million credit facility for working capital purposes. The credit agreement requires the Company to maintain certain covenants; the Company has been in compliance with these covenants during the current fiscal year. The credit agreement will expire on May 31, 2020, and the Company intends to renew annually. The credit facility is collateralized by \$1 million at March 31, 2020, shown as restricted cash on the balance sheet, held in deposit in a money market account at the financial institution that provided the credit facility. As of March 31, 2020, the credit facility remains unutilized by the Company.

See Note 15, Subsequent Events, for a borrowing that was entered into subsequent to March 31, 2020.

NOTE 9. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Payment of cash dividends is within the discretion of the Company's board of directors and is dependent on earnings, operations, capital requirements, general financial condition of the Company, and general business conditions. A monthly dividend of \$0.0025 per share was paid during fiscal year 2019 and for July 2019 through March 2020 and is authorized through June 2020, at which time it will be considered for continuation.

The Company has a share repurchase program, approved by the Board of Directors, authorizing the Company to annually purchase up to \$2.75 million of its outstanding common shares, as market and business conditions warrant, on the open market in compliance with Rule 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 through December 31, 2020. The repurchase program has been in place since December 2012, and the Board of Directors has annually renewed the repurchase program each calendar year. The acquired shares may be used for corporate purposes, including shares issued to employees in the Company's stock-based compensation programs. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, the Company repurchased 69,420 and 72,820 class A shares using cash of \$68,000 and \$74,000, respectively. For the three and six months ended March 31, 2019, the Company repurchased 8,075 and 20,075 class A shares using cash of \$9,000 and \$24,000, respectively.

Stock compensation plans

The Company's stock option plans provide for the granting of class A shares as either incentive or nonqualified stock options to employees and non-employee directors. Options are subject to terms and conditions determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. There were 2,000 options outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 2020, at a weighted average exercise price of \$2.74. There were no options granted, forfeited, or exercised for the three months ended March 31, 2020. There were 2,000 options that were forfeited and no options granted or exercised during the nine months ended March 31, 2020. There were no options granted, exercised, or forfeited for the three or nine months ended March 31, 2019.

Stock-based compensation expense is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award, and the cost is recognized as expense ratably over the award's vesting period. There was no stock-based compensation expense for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, or the three months ended March 31, 2019. Stock-based compensation expense was \$2,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2019. As of March 31, 2020, and 2019, there was no unrecognized share-based compensation cost related to share-based awards granted under the plans.

NOTE 10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The basic earnings per share ("EPS") calculation excludes dilution and is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution of EPS that could occur if options to issue common stock were exercised.

The following table sets forth the computation for basic and diluted EPS:

	Nine Months Ended March 31,			Three Months Ended March 31,			
(dollars in thousands, except per share data)	 2020		2019		2020		2019
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations	\$ (5,962)	\$	(3,678)	\$	(1,557)	\$	892
Income (Loss) from Discontinued Operations	(338)		149		(85)		(174)
Less: Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Non-Controlling							
Interest from Discontinued Operations	(118)		52		(30)		(61)
Net Income (Loss) Attributable from Discontinued							
Operations to U.S. Global Investors, Inc.	 (220)		97		(55)		(113)
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to U.S. Global Investors, Inc.	\$ (6,182)	\$	(3,581)	\$	(1,612)	\$	779
Weighted average number of outstanding shares							
Basic	15,127,118		15,141,061		15,121,950		15,132,408
Effect of dilutive securities							
Employee stock options			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Diluted	15,127,118		15,141,061		15,121,950		15,132,408
Earnings Per Share Attributable to U.S. Global Investors,							
Inc.							
Basic Net Income (Loss) per Share							
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (0.40)	\$	(0.24)	\$	(0.11)	\$	0.06
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ (0.01)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(0.01)
Net income (loss)	\$ (0.41)	\$	(0.24)	\$	(0.11)	\$	0.05
Diluted Net Income (Loss) per Share							
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (0.40)	\$	(0.24)	\$	(0.11)	\$	0.06
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ (0.01)	\$		\$		\$	(0.01)
Net income (loss)	\$ (0.41)	\$	(0.24)	\$	(0.11)	\$	0.05

The diluted EPS calculation excludes the effect of stock options when their exercise prices exceed the average market price for the period. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, employee stock options for 2,000 were excluded from diluted EPS. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2019, employee stock options for 4,000 were excluded from diluted EPS.

During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, and 2019, the Company repurchased class A shares on the open market. Upon repurchase, these shares are classified as treasury shares and are deducted from outstanding shares in the earnings per share calculation.

NOTE 11. INCOME TAXES

The Company and its non-Canadian subsidiaries file a consolidated U.S. federal income tax return. USCAN and Galileo file separate tax returns in Canada. See income tax information for Galileo in Note 2, Discontinued Operations. Provisions for income taxes include deferred taxes for temporary differences in the bases of assets and liabilities for financial and tax purposes resulting from the use of the liability method of accounting for income taxes.

The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), was signed into law on March 27, 2020. While a number of the CARES Act's provisions will be reflected in future accounting periods, certain income tax accounting measures are reflected in the period of enactment. The business tax provisions of the Act include temporary changes to income and non-income-based tax laws. Some of the key income tax provisions that may affect the Company include:

- Eliminating the 80% of taxable income limitations by allowing corporate entities to fully utilize net operating loss (NOL) carryforwards generated during the 2019 and 2020 fiscal years to offset taxable income in the 2019, 2020 or 2021 fiscal years and reinstating the limitation with the 2022 fiscal year;
- Allowing net operating losses generated in fiscal years 2019, 2020 or 2021 (tax years 2018, 2019 and 2020) to be carried back five years;
- Allowing entities to deduct more of their charitable cash contributions made during calendar year 2020 by increasing the taxable income limitation to 25% from 10%.
- Modification of the adjusted taxable income limitation from 30% to 50% for fiscal years 2020 and 2021 (tax years 2019 and 2020) for computing deductible interest.

The Company has reviewed the key income tax provisions of the CARES Act and it appears that they will not materially impact the Company.

For U.S. federal income tax purposes at March 31, 2020, the Company has U.S. federal net operating loss carryovers of \$9.0 million with \$2.0 million and \$2.7 million expiring in fiscal years 2035 and 2036, respectively, and \$4.3 million with no expiration. The carryover amount of \$4.3 million, which was generated after fiscal year 2018, may be carried forward indefinitely with no limitation on usage prior to fiscal year 2022, but certain limitations apply to the utilization of net operating losses thereafter. The Company has capital loss carryovers of \$1.1 million with \$728,000 and \$348,000 expiring in fiscal years 2022 and 2023, respectively. The Company has charitable contribution carryovers totaling approximately \$55,000 with \$19,000; \$5,000; \$10,000; \$5,000 and \$16,000 expiring in fiscal years 2020, 2021, 2023, 2024, and 2025, respectively. If certain changes in the Company's ownership should occur, there could be an annual limitation on the amount of net operating loss carryovers that could be utilized.

For Canadian income tax purposes, USCAN has total net operating loss carryovers of \$81,000 expiring in fiscal year 2040 and no capital loss carryovers.

A valuation allowance is provided when it is more likely than not that some portion of the deferred tax amount will not be realized. At March 31, 2020, and June 30, 2019, a valuation allowance of \$3.0 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, was included to fully reserve for net operating loss carryovers, other carryovers and certain book/tax differences in the balance sheet.

NOTE 12. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The following tables present the change in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ("AOCI") by component:

	Nine Months Ended March 31,					Three Months Ended March 31,			
(dollars in thousands)		2020		2019		2020		2019	
Beginning Balance	\$	(206)	\$	1,858	\$	(205)	\$	(258)	
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax 1		197		1		196		28	
Reclassification as a result of adoption of accounting									
guidance 2		<u>-</u>		(2,089)		<u>-</u>		_	
Ending Balance	\$	(9)	\$	(230)	\$	(9)	\$	(230)	

^{1.} Amounts include no tax expense or benefit.

^{2.} Effective July 1, 2018, upon the adoption of ASU 2016-01, the Company no longer has an available-for-sale category for equity securities for which changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income (loss).

NOTE 13. FINANCIAL INFORMATION BY BUSINESS SEGMENT

The Company operates principally in two business segments on a continuing operations basis: providing investment management services to USGIF and ETF clients; and investing for its own account in an effort to add growth and value to its cash position. The former segment of investment management services in Canada is discussed in Note 2, Discontinued Operations. The following schedule details total revenues and income for continuing operations by business segment:

	Investment Management	Corporate	
(dollars in thousands)	Services	Investments	Consolidated
Nine months ended March 31, 2020			
Net operating revenues	\$ 2,605	\$ -	\$ 2,605
Investment loss	\$ -	\$ (3,922)	\$ (3,922)
Loss from equity method investments	<u> </u>	\$ (146)	<u>\$ (146)</u>
Other income	\$ 90	\$ -	\$ 90
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ (1,884)	\$ (4,252)	\$ (6,136)
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 143	\$ 9	\$ 152
Gross identifiable assets at March 31, 2020	\$ 5,240	\$ 11,479	\$ 16,719
Total assets held related to discontinued operations			\$ -
Deferred tax asset			\$ -
Consolidated total assets at March 31, 2020			\$ 16,719
Nine months ended March 31, 2019			
Net operating revenues	\$ 2,694	\$	\$ 2,694
Investment loss	\$ -	\$ (2,231)	\$ (2,231)
Loss from equity method investments	\$ -	\$ (52)	\$ (52)
Other income	<u>\$</u> 27	\$ -	\$ 27
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ (1,837)	\$ (2,395)	\$ (4,232)
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 164	\$ -	\$ 164
Three months ended March 31, 2020			
Net operating revenues	\$ 914	\$ -	\$ 914
Investment loss	\$ -	\$ (441)	\$ (441)
Loss from equity method investments	\$ -	\$ (91)	<u>\$ (91)</u>
Other income	\$ 29	\$	\$ 29
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ (883)	\$ (599)	\$ (1,482)
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 47	\$ 3	\$ 50
Three months ended March 31, 2019			
Net operating revenues	\$ 857	\$ -	\$ 857
Investment income	\$ -	\$ 2,100	\$ 2,100
Income from equity method investments	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 3
Other income	\$ 7	\$ -	\$ 7
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ (626)	\$ 2,064	\$ 1,438
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 54	\$ -	\$ 54

Net operating revenues from investment management services includes operating revenues from USGIF of \$713,000 and \$2.2 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, and \$720,000 and \$2.2 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2019. Net operating revenues from investment management services also include operating revenues from ETF clients of \$201,000 and \$455,000, respectively, for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, and \$137,000 and \$456,000, respectively, for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2019.

NOTE 14. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The Company continuously reviews all investor, employee and vendor complaints, and pending or threatened litigation. The likelihood that a loss contingency exists is evaluated through consultation with legal counsel, and a loss contingency is recorded if probable and reasonably estimable.

During the normal course of business, the Company may be subject to claims, legal proceedings, and other contingencies. These matters are subject to various uncertainties, and it is possible that some of these matters may be resolved unfavorably. The Company establishes accruals for matters for which the outcome is probable and can be reasonably estimated. Management believes that any liability in excess of these accruals upon the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

The Board has authorized a monthly dividend of \$0.0025 per share through June 2020, at which time it will be considered for continuation by the Board. Payment of cash dividends is within the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors and is dependent on earnings, operations, capital requirements, general financial condition of the Company, and general business conditions. The total amount of cash dividends expected to be paid to class A and class C shareholders from April to June 2020 is approximately \$113,000.

See Note 15, Subsequent Events, for a borrowing that was entered into subsequent to March 31, 2020.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2020, the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic and the resulting actions to control or slow the spread has had a significant detrimental effect on the global and domestic economies and financial markets. The Company continues to monitor the impact of COVID-19, but at the date of this report it is too early to determine the full impact this virus may have on the financial markets and economy. Should this emerging macro-economic risk continue for an extended period, there could be an adverse material financial impact to our business and investments, including a material reduction in our results of operations.

NOTE 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Effective April 12, 2020, the Company was approved for a loan of approximately \$442,000 under the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP") under the CARES Act. The application for this loan required the Company to, in good faith, certify that the current economic uncertainty made the loan request necessary to support the ongoing operations of the Company. This certification further requires the Company to take into account its current business activity and its ability to access other sources of liquidity sufficient to support ongoing operations in a manner that is not significantly detrimental to the business. The receipt of these funds, and the forgiveness of the loan attendant to these funds, is dependent on the Company having initially qualified for the loan and qualifying for the forgiveness of such loan based on future adherence to the forgiveness criteria as described below.

The Company has under 25 employees and is considered a small business. The interest rate on the loan is one percent fixed, and the maturity date is April 12, 2022. Payment terms are to make seventeen consecutive monthly payments of principal and interest in an amount sufficient to fully amortize the loan over the remaining term, commencing six months after the effective date, and a final payment on the earliest of the acceleration of the promissory note; or the maturity date.

A key feature of the PPP is that loan proceeds used by borrowers to pay certain expenses during a specified eight-week period (the covered period) are eligible to be forgiven.

- Forgiveness is available to the extent proceeds are used to pay payroll, rent or interest on mortgages, and utilities during the covered period.
- In addition, the CARES Act provides that any amounts forgiven pursuant to this rule are not taxable (i.e., no cancellation of debt income for the borrower).
- The amount of loan forgiveness available to the borrower is reduced if the borrower does not retain its employees or cuts their salaries by more than 25% (not including salaries of highly paid employees).
- A reduction in workforce is measured by comparing the average number of full-time employee equivalents ("FTEEs") during the period following
 the loan to a prior equivalent period in either 2019 or early "pre-COVID 2019 period" in 2020.
- Loan forgiveness is reduced by the same percentage the FTEEs are found to have been reduced. A borrower that rehires employees or reverses salary reductions by June 30, 2020, can generally avoid having its loan forgiveness amount reduced.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

U.S. Global Investors, Inc. (the "Company" or "U.S. Global") has made forward-looking statements concerning the Company's performance, financial condition, and operations in this report. The Company from time to time may also make forward-looking statements in its public filings and press releases. Such forward-looking statements are subject to various known and unknown risks and uncertainties and do not guarantee future performance. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements due to a number of factors, some of which are beyond the Company's control, including: (i) the volatile and competitive nature of the investment management industry, (ii) changes in domestic and foreign economic conditions, including significant economic disruptions from COVID-19 and the actions taken in connection therewith, (iii) the effect of government regulation on the Company's business, and (iv) market, credit, and liquidity risks associated with the Company's investment management activities. Due to such risks, uncertainties, and other factors, the Company cautions each person receiving such forward-looking information not to place undue reliance on such statements. All such forward-looking statements are current only as of the date on which such statements were made.

FACTORS AFFECTING OUR BUSINESS

During the quarter ended March 31, 2020, the rapid spread of the global COVID-19 outbreak and actions taken in response have had a significant detrimental effect on the global and domestic economies and financial markets. Market declines affect the Company's assets under management, and thus its revenues and also the valuation of the Company's corporate investments. It is early to determine the long-term impact of current circumstances on the Company's business. Should this emerging macro-economic risk continue for an extended period, there could be an adverse material financial impact to the Company's business and investments, including a material reduction in its results of operations.

COVID-19-related circumstances (e.g., remote work arrangements) have not adversely affected the Company's ability to maintain operations, including financial reporting systems, internal controls over financial reporting, and disclosure controls and procedures.

The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), was signed into law on March 27, 2020. While a number of the CARES Act's provisions will be reflected in future accounting periods, certain income tax accounting measures are reflected in the period of enactment. See further information in Note 11, Income Taxes, in the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

BUSINESS SEGMENTS

The Company, with principal operations located in San Antonio, Texas, manages two business segments on a continuing operations basis: (1) the Company offers a broad range of investment management products and services to meet the needs of individual and institutional investors, and (2) the Company invests for its own account in an effort to add growth and value to its cash position.

Prior to December 31, 2019, the Company also reported a business segment for investment management services in Canada. The Company, through its Canadian subsidiary U.S. Global Investors (Canada) Limited ("USCAN"), owned a 65 percent controlling interest in Galileo Global Equity Advisors Inc. ("Galileo"), which offers investment management products and services in Canada. USCAN entered into a binding letter of intent dated December 30, 2019, with Galileo whereby Galileo, pursuant to a capital restructuring, agreed to purchase back all of its common shares owned by the USCAN for \$1.0 million (Canadian). The transaction was subject to the approval of Canadian securities regulatory authorities and to the satisfaction of other closing conditions. The transaction closed effective March 2, 2020. Proceeds of approximately \$746,000 were received (the equivalent of \$1.0 million Canadian on the closing date of sale), and a realized gain of \$151,000 was recorded. In addition, upon the sale of Galileo, \$228,000 in foreign currency losses were released from other comprehensive income (loss) and recorded as realized foreign currency losses. See Note 2, Discontinued Operations, to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, for further information on the transaction. The Company continued to record its 65 percent interest of Galileo operations through the close of the transaction on March 2, 2020.

The following is a brief discussion of the Company's business segments included in continuing operations.

Investment Management Services

The Company generates operating revenues from managing and servicing U.S. Global Investors Funds ("USGIF" or the "Funds"). These revenues are largely dependent on the total value and composition of assets under its management. Fluctuations in the markets and investor sentiment directly impact the asset levels of the Funds, thereby affecting income and results of operations. Detailed information regarding the Funds managed by the Company within USGIF can be found on the Company's website, www.usfunds.com, including the prospectus and performance information for each Fund. The mutual fund shareholders in USGIF are not required to give advance notice prior to redemption of shares in the Funds.

The Company provides advisory services for two exchange-traded fund ("ETF") clients and receives monthly advisory fees based on the net asset values of the funds. Information on the ETFs can be found at www.usglobaletfs.com, including the prospectus, performance and holdings. The ETFs' authorized participants are not required to give advance notice prior to redemption of shares in the ETFs, and the ETFs do not charge a redemption fee.

At March 31, 2020, total assets under management, including USGIF and ETF clients, were \$665.1 million versus \$503.8 million at March 31, 2019, an increase of \$161.3 million, or 32.0 percent. During the nine months ended March 31, 2020, average assets under management, including USGIF and ETF clients, were \$518.7 million versus \$539.8 million during the nine months ended March 31, 2019. Total assets under management as of period-end at March 31, 2020, including USGIF and ETF clients, were \$665.1 million versus \$510.1 million at June 30, 2019, the Company's prior fiscal year end, an increase of \$155.0 million, or 30.4 percent.

The increase in assets under management as of March 31, 2020, compared to prior periods is primarily due to an increase in assets in the U.S. Global Jets ETF ("Jets ETF") (ticker JETS) that accelerated in the latter part of March 2020. The Jets ETF invests in airline-related stocks, including global airline carriers, airport operators and aircraft manufacturers. While global financial markets have declined, including stocks in which the Jets ETF invests, this ETF has attracted inflows. The increase in assets in Jets ETF in the current period was partially offset by lower assets in USGIF, as noted below.

The following tables summarize the changes in assets under management for USGIF for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, and 2019:

	Changes in Assets Under Management Nine Months Ended March 31,											
			2020	ine Months E	nded March 31, 2019							
(dollars in thousands)		Equity	Fi	xed Income		Total	_	Equity	Fi	xed Income		Total
Beginning Balance	\$	334,684	\$	90,921	\$	425,605	\$	389,442	\$	106,231	\$	495,673
Market appreciation (depreciation)		(65,640)		898		(64,742)		(37,113)		1,272		(35,841)
Dividends and distributions		(2,973)		(829)		(3,802)		(20,774)		(956)		(21,730)
Net shareholder redemptions		(29,208)		(9,518)		(38,726)		(7,838)		(11,363)		(19,201)
Ending Balance	\$	236,863	\$	81,472	\$	318,335	\$	323,717	\$	95,184	\$	418,901
Average investment management fee		0.97%		0.01%		0.77%)	0.97%		0.01%)	0.75%
Average net assets	\$	329,784	\$	87,966	\$	417,750	\$	338,680	\$	99,750	\$	438,430

	Changes in Assets Under Management											
		Three Months Ended March 31,										
				2020			2019					
(dollars in thousands)		Equity	Fi	xed Income		Total		Equity	Fix	ked Income		Total
Beginning Balance	\$	355,269	\$	85,742	\$	441,011	\$	310,164	\$	97,204	\$	407,368
Market appreciation (depreciation)		(108,964)		169		(108,795)		17,781		591		18,372
Dividends and distributions		-		(226)		(226)		-		(330)		(330)
Net shareholder redemptions		(9,442)		(4,213)		(13,655)		(4,228)		(2,281)		(6,509)
Ending Balance	\$	236,863	\$	81,472	\$	318,335	\$	323,717	\$	95,184	\$	418,901
Average investment management fee		0.96%		0.00%		0.76%		0.97%		0.00%		0.74%
Average net assets	\$	315,360	\$	84,744	\$	400,104	\$	328,881	\$	96,054	\$	424,935

As shown above, USGIF period-end assets under management were lower at March 31, 2020, compared to March 31, 2019. Average net assets in the current fiscal year were lower than the same periods in the previous fiscal year. The three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, and the nine months ended March 31, 2019, had net market depreciation in the equity funds, primarily in the gold and resource funds. The three months ended March 31, 2019, had net market appreciation across all equity funds. There was net market appreciation in the fixed income funds for all periods. A significant portion of the dividends and distributions shown above were reinvested and included in net shareholder redemptions. The combined amounts for these two lines for all periods shown were negative.

The average annualized investment management fee rate (total advisory fees, excluding performance fees, as a percentage of average assets under management) was 76 and 77 basis points for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, and 74 and 75 basis points for the same periods in the prior year. The average investment management fee for the equity funds was 96 and 97 basis points for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, and 97 basis points for the same periods in the prior year. The Company has agreed to contractually or voluntarily limit the expenses of the Funds. Therefore, the Company waived or reduced its fees and/or agreed to pay expenses of the Funds. Due to fee waivers, the average investment management fee for the fixed income funds was 0 and 1 basis point for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, and 0 and 1 basis point for the same periods in the prior year, respectively.

Investment Activities

Management believes it can more effectively manage the Company's cash position by broadening the types of investments used in cash management and continues to believe that such activities are in the best interest of the Company. The Company's investment activities are reviewed and monitored by Company compliance personnel, and various reports are provided to certain investment advisory clients. Written procedures are in place to manage compliance with the code of ethics and other policies affecting the Company's investment practices. This source of revenue does not remain consistent and is dependent on market fluctuations, the Company's ability to participate in investment opportunities, and timing of transactions.

As of March 31, 2020, the Company held investments with a fair value of approximately \$9.5 million and a cost basis of approximately \$12.9 million. The fair value of these investments is 56.7 percent of the Company's total assets. In addition, the Company held other investments which do not have readily determinable fair values of approximately \$1.5 million and \$150,000 in investments accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

Investments recorded at fair value were approximately \$9.5 million at March 31, 2020, compared to approximately \$15.2 million at June 30, 2019, the Company's prior fiscal year end, which is a decrease of approximately \$5.7 million. See Note 3, Investments, to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, for further information regarding investment activities.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - Three months ended March 31, 2020, and 2019

The Company posted a net loss attributable to U.S. Global Investors, Inc. of \$1.6 million (\$0.11 per share loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2020, compared with net income attributable to U.S. Global Investors, Inc. of \$779,000 (\$0.05 per share) for the three months ended March 31, 2019, a negative change of approximately \$2.4 million. The change is primarily due to unrealized investment losses in the current quarter compared to unrealized investment gains in the same quarter last year, as discussed further below.

Operating Revenues

Total consolidated operating revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2020, increased \$57,000, or 6.7 percent, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2019. This increase was primarily attributable to the following:

- Advisory fees increased by \$63,000, or 7.8 percent, primarily as a result of higher average assets under management in the ETFs and lower performance fees paid out. Advisory fees are comprised of two components: base management fees and performance fees.
 - Base management fees increased \$32,000. ETF unitary management fees increased \$64,000 due to an increase in ETF average assets under management, primarily for the Jets ETF. This increase was somewhat offset by a \$32,000 decrease in base fees for USGIF, primarily as a result of lower average assets under management due to market depreciation and shareholder redemptions.
 - Performance fees for USGIF paid out in the current period were \$79,000 compared to \$110,000 in fees paid out in the corresponding period in the prior year, a positive change of \$31,000. The performance fee, which applies to the USGIF equity funds only, is a fulcrum fee that is adjusted upwards or downwards by 0.25 percent when there is a performance difference of 5 percent or more between a fund's performance and that of its designated benchmark index over the prior rolling 12 months.

Operating Expenses

Total consolidated operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2020, increased \$364,000, or 23.8 percent, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2019. The increase in operating expenses was primarily attributable to an increase in general and administrative expenses of \$338,000, or 44.9 percent, primarily due to business development costs related to the increase in ETF assets during the current quarter.

Other Income (Loss)

Total consolidated other loss for the three months ended March 31, 2020, was (\$503,000), compared to other income of \$2.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019, a decrease of \$2.6 million, or 123.8 percent. This change was primarily due to the following factors:

- Investment loss was \$441,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2020, compared to investment income of \$2.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019, a negative change of approximately \$2.5 million. There were unrealized losses of \$442,000 in the current period. The same quarter in the prior year had unrealized gains of \$2.0 million, realized gains from sales of \$16,000, and a \$28,000 impairment loss. See further discussion of investments in Note 3, Investments, to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. There was also a \$151,000 gain realized from the sale of Galileo in the current quarter. See Note 2, Discontinued Operations, to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, for further information on this transaction. Also, realized foreign currency gain (loss) was (\$234,000) in the current period compared to \$16,000 in the same quarter in the prior year. The current period foreign currency loss includes \$228,000 in foreign currency losses released from other comprehensive income (loss) upon the sale of Galileo.
- There was a \$91,000 loss from equity method investments for the three months ended March 31, 2020, compared to \$3,000 in income for the three months ended March 31, 2019, a negative change of \$94,000. The equity method investment held during both periods, in a Galileo offering, was concentrated in technology and cryptocurrency mining stocks. Cryptocurrency markets and related stocks have been, and are expected to continue to be, volatile. There is potential for continued significant volatility in the valuation of the equity method investment currently held, and thus the portion of the entity's net income or loss that is included in the Company's earnings. See further discussion on equity method investments in Note 3, Investments, to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Provision for Income Taxes

A tax expense from continuing operations of \$75,000 was recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2020, compared to tax expense of \$546,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2019. Note that the Company currently has net operating loss carryovers in certain jurisdictions, including the United States. A valuation allowance has been recorded to fully reserve for net operating loss carryovers, other carryovers and certain book/tax differences in the balance sheet. The tax expense in the current quarter is primarily the result of increasing the valuation allowance to fully reserve for deferred tax assets, while the tax expense in the same quarter in the prior year was primarily the result of an increase in valuation of certain investments held by USCAN, which increased the related deferred tax liability.

Income (Loss) from Discontinued Operations

Income (loss) from discontinued operations represents results of the Company's subsidiary Galileo, which was sold on March 2, 2020. Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax, was \$85,000 and \$174,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2020, and 2019, respectively. Revenue from base advisory fees was lower in the current period due to the closure in July 2019 of one of the mutual funds managed by Galileo, the closure in September 2019 of the ETF managed by Galileo, and the current period including only two months of revenue prior to closing of the sale. There were no performance fees for Galileo clients received in either the current or prior periods. The decrease in revenue from the prior period was somewhat offset by lower expenses, primarily due to lower fund expenses, lower compensation due to a decrease in employees, and the current period including only two months of expenses prior to closing of the sale. See Note 2, Discontinued Operations, to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, for further information on this transaction and the results from Galileo operations.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - Nine months ended March 31, 2020, and 2019

The Company posted a net loss attributable to U.S. Global Investors, Inc. of \$6.2 million (\$0.41 loss per share) for the nine months ended March 31, 2020, compared to a net loss attributable to U.S. Global Investors, Inc. of \$3.6 million (\$0.24 loss per share) for the nine months ended March 31, 2019, an increase in loss of approximately \$2.6 million. The increase in loss is primarily due to an increase in unrealized investment losses and losses from discontinued operations, as discussed further below.

Operating Revenues

Total consolidated operating revenues for the nine months ended March 31, 2020, decreased \$89,000, or 3.3 percent, compared with the nine months ended March 31, 2019. This decrease was primarily attributable to the following:

- Advisory fees decreased by \$76,000, or 3.0 percent, primarily as a result of lower average assets under management and an increase in performance fees paid out. Advisory fees are comprised of two components: a base management fee and a performance fee.
 - Base management fees decreased \$57,000. Base fees for USGIF decreased \$56,000 as a result of lower average assets under management due to market depreciation and shareholder redemptions. ETF unitary management fees decreased \$1,000 and thus were basically flat.
 - Performance fees for USGIF paid out in the current period were \$391,000 compared to \$372,000 in fees paid out in the corresponding period in the prior year, a negative change of \$19,000. The performance fee, which applies to the USGIF equity funds only, is a fulcrum fee that is adjusted upwards or downwards by 0.25 percent when there is a performance difference of 5 percent or more between a fund's performance and that of its designated benchmark index over the prior rolling 12 months.

Administrative services fee revenue decreased by \$13,000, or 9.2 percent, due to lower average net assets under management for USGIF, upon
which these fees are based in the current period.

Operating Expenses

Total consolidated operating expenses for the nine months ended March 31, 2020, increased \$93,000, or 2.0 percent, compared with the nine months ended March 31, 2019. The increase in operating expenses was primarily attributable to an increase in general and administrative expenses of \$206,000, or 9.2 percent, primarily due to business development costs related to the increase in ETF assets during the current quarter. This increase was somewhat offset by a decrease in employee compensation and benefits expenses of \$90,000, or 4.2 percent, primarily due to lower salary expense.

Other Income

Total consolidated other loss for the nine months ended March 31, 2020, increased \$1.7 million, or 76.3 percent, compared with the nine months ended March 31, 2019. The increase in loss was primarily due to the following factors:

- There was an investment loss of \$3.9 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2020, compared to an investment loss of \$2.2 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2019, a negative change of approximately \$1.7 million. There were unrealized losses of \$4.0 million in the current period. The same period in the prior year had unrealized losses of \$2.4 million, realized gains from sales of \$16,000, and \$114,000 in impairment losses. The majority of the unrealized loss in the both periods was related to technology and cryptocurrency mining equity securities held in corporate investments. Cryptocurrency markets and related stocks have been, and are expected to continue to be, volatile. See further discussion of this security and other investments in Note 3, Investments, to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. There was also a \$151,000 gain realized from the sale of Galileo in the current period. See Note 2, Discontinued Operations, to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, for further information on this transaction. Also, realized foreign currency loss was \$234,000 in the current period compared to \$28,000 in the same quarter in the prior year. The current period foreign currency loss includes \$228,000 in foreign currency losses released from other comprehensive income (loss) upon the sale of Galileo.
- Loss from equity method investments was \$146,000 and \$52,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2020, and 2019, respectively. The equity method investments held during both periods, in Galileo offerings, are concentrated in technology and cryptocurrency mining stocks. Cryptocurrency markets and related stocks have been, and are expected to continue to be, volatile. Cryptocurrency mining is considered an early stage high-risk industry, and the nature of mining is expected to evolve. There is potential for continued significant volatility in the valuation of the equity method investment currently held, and thus the portion of the entity's net income or loss that is included in the Company's earnings. See further discussion on these equity method investments in Note 3, Investments, to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Provision for Income Taxes

A tax benefit from continuing operations of \$174,000 was recorded for the nine months ended March 31, 2020, compared to a tax benefit of \$554,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2019. Note that the Company currently has net operating loss carryovers in certain jurisdictions, including the United States. A valuation allowance has been recorded to fully reserve for net operating loss carryovers, other carryovers and certain book/tax differences in the balance sheet. The tax benefit in the both periods was primarily the result of decreases in valuation of certain investments held by USCAN, which reduced the related deferred tax liability.

Income (Loss) from Discontinued Operations

Income (loss) from discontinued operations represents results of the Company's subsidiary Galileo, which was sold on March 2, 2020. Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax, for the nine months ended March 31, 2020, was \$338,000, compared to net income from discontinued operations, net of tax, for the nine months ended March 31, 2019, of \$149,000. Revenue from base advisory fees was lower in the current period due to the closure in July 2019 of one of the mutual funds managed by Galileo, the closure in September 2019 of the ETF managed by Galileo, and the current period including only eight months of revenue prior to closing of the sale. There were no performance fees for Galileo clients received in the current period compared to \$870,000 received in the corresponding period in the prior year, decreasing revenue by \$870,000. Galileo received performance fees from certain clients when market appreciation or realized net gains exceeded established benchmarks. The decrease in revenue from the prior period was somewhat offset by lower expenses, primarily due to lower fund expenses, lower compensation due to a decrease in employees, and the current period including only eight months of expenses prior to closing of the sale. See Note 2, Discontinued Operations, to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, for further information on this transaction and the results from Galileo operations.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At March 31, 2020, the Company had net working capital (current assets minus current liabilities) of approximately \$8.8 million and a current ratio (current assets divided by current liabilities) of 7.5 to 1. With approximately \$2.1 million in cash and cash equivalents and approximately \$9.3 million in unrestricted securities at fair value, the Company has adequate liquidity to meet its current obligations. Total U.S. Global Investors, Inc. shareholders' equity is approximately \$15.3 million, with cash, cash equivalents, and unrestricted marketable securities comprising 67.9 percent of total assets.

Effective April 12, 2020, the Company was approved for a loan of approximately \$442,000 under the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP") under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"). The Company has under 25 employees and is considered a small business. The interest rate on the loan is one percent fixed, and the maturity date is April 12, 2022. Payment terms are to make seventeen consecutive monthly payments of principal and interest in an amount sufficient to fully amortize the loan over the remaining term, commencing six months after the effective date, and a final payment on the earliest of the acceleration of the promissory note; or the maturity date.

A key feature of the PPP is that loan proceeds used by borrowers to pay certain expenses during a specified eight-week period (the covered period) are eligible to be forgiven.

- Forgiveness is available to the extent proceeds are used to pay payroll, rent or interest on mortgages, and utilities during the covered period.
- In addition, the CARES Act provides that any amounts forgiven pursuant to this rule are not taxable (i.e., no cancellation of debt income for the borrower).
- The amount of loan forgiveness available to the borrower is reduced if the borrower does not retain its employees or cuts their salaries by more than 25% (not including salaries of highly paid employees).
- A reduction in workforce is measured by comparing the average number of full-time employee equivalents (FTEEs) during the period following
 the loan to a prior equivalent period in either 2019 or early "pre-COVID 2019 period" in 2020.
- Loan forgiveness is reduced by the same percentage the FTEEs are found to have been reduced. A borrower that rehires employees or reverses salary reductions by June 30, 2020, can generally avoid having its loan forgiveness amount reduced.

Except for the loan received in April 2020, the Company has no borrowings or long-term liabilities except for lease obligations. The Company also has access to a \$1 million credit facility for working capital purposes. The credit agreement requires the Company to maintain certain covenants; the Company has been in compliance with these covenants during the current fiscal year. The credit agreement will expire on May 31, 2020, and the Company intends to renew annually. The credit facility is collateralized by \$1 million at March 31, 2020, held in deposit in a money market account at the financial institution that provided the credit facility. As of March 31, 2020, the credit facility remains unutilized by the Company.

The effects of the global COVID-19 pandemic are still evolving. There has been an adverse effect on global and domestic financial markets, which adversely affects the Company's assets under management and thus revenue and also the valuation of the Company's corporate investments. It is early to determine the long-term impact of current circumstances on the Company's business. Should this emerging macro-economic risk continue for an extended period, there could be an adverse material financial impact to our business and investments, including a material reduction in our results of operations.

The investment advisory and administrative services contracts between the Company and USGIF have been renewed through September 2020, and management anticipates that the contracts will be renewed. The investment advisory contracts between the Company and the ETFs expire in September 2020, and management anticipates that the contracts will be renewed.

The primary cash requirements are for operating activities. The Company also uses cash to purchase investments, pay dividends and repurchase Company stock. The cash outlays for investments and dividend payments are discretionary, and management or the Board may discontinue as deemed necessary. The stock repurchase plan is approved through December 31, 2020, but may be suspended or discontinued at any time. Cash and unrestricted marketable securities of approximately \$11.4 million are available to fund current activities. Management believes current cash reserves, investments, and financing available will be sufficient to meet foreseeable cash needs for operating activities.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

For a discussion of other critical accounting policies that the Company follows, please refer to the notes to the consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2019.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Investment Management and Administrative Services Fees

Revenues are generally based upon a percentage of the market value of assets under management in accordance with contractual agreements. Accordingly, fluctuations in the financial markets have a direct effect on the Company's operating results. A significant portion of assets under management in equity funds have exposure to international markets and/or natural resource sectors, which may experience volatility. In addition, fluctuations in interest rates may affect the value of assets under management in fixed income funds.

The effects of the global COVID-19 pandemic are still evolving. There has been an adverse effect on global and domestic financial markets, which may continue for an undetermined period. This adversely affects assets under management and thus the Company's revenues and operating results.

Performance Fees

USGIF advisory fees are comprised of two components: a base management fee and a performance fee. The performance fee is a fulcrum fee that is adjusted upwards or downwards by 0.25 percent when there is a performance difference of 5 percent or more between a fund's performance and that of its designated benchmark index over the prior rolling 12 months.

As a result, the Company's revenues are subject to volatility beyond market-based fluctuations discussed in the investment management and administrative services fees section above. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2020, the Company realized a decrease in its USGIF base advisory fee of \$79,000 and \$391,000, respectively, due to these performance adjustments. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2019, the Company realized a decrease in its USGIF base advisory fee of \$110,000 and \$372,000, respectively, due to these performance adjustments.

Corporate Investments

The Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets includes assets whose fair value is subject to market risks. Due to the Company's investments in securities recorded at fair value, price fluctuations represent a market risk factor affecting the Company's consolidated financial position. The carrying values of investments subject to price risks are based on quoted market prices or, if not actively traded, management's estimate of fair value as of the balance sheet date. Market prices fluctuate, and the amount realized in the subsequent sale of an investment may differ significantly from the reported market value.

The Company's investment activities are reviewed and monitored by Company compliance personnel, and various reports are provided to certain investment advisory clients. Written procedures are in place to manage compliance with the code of ethics and other policies affecting the Company's investment practices.

The table below summarizes the Company's price risks in securities recorded at fair value as of March 31, 2020, and shows the effects of a hypothetical 25 percent increase and a 25 percent decrease in market prices.

				Esti	mated Fair
				Va	lue After
	Fair	Value at	Hypothetical Percentage	Hypot	hetical Price
(dollars in thousands)	Marc	h 31, 2020	Change	(Change
Securities at fair value 1	\$	9,480	25% increase	\$	11,850
			25% decrease	\$	7,110

1 Unrealized and realized gains and losses on securities at fair value are included in earnings in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The selected hypothetical changes do not reflect what could be considered best- or worst-case scenarios. Results could be significantly different due to both the nature of markets and the concentration of the Company's investment portfolio.

The effects of the global COVID-19 pandemic are still evolving. There has been an adverse effect on global and domestic financial markets, which may continue for an undetermined period. This not only adversely affects the Company's assets under management but also the valuation of the Company's corporate investments.

A significant portion of securities at fair value in the above table is an investment in HIVE Blockchain Technologies Ltd. ("HIVE"), which was valued at approximately \$1.3 million at March 31, 2020. HIVE is discussed in more detail in Note 3, Investments, to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. HIVE is a company that is headquartered and traded in Canada with cryptocurrency mining facilities in Iceland and Sweden. Cryptocurrency markets and related stocks have been, and are expected to continue to be, volatile. Cryptocurrency mining is still considered an early stage high-risk industry, and the nature of mining is expected to evolve. There is potential for significant continued volatility in the market price of HIVE, which could materially impact the investment's value included on the balance sheet and unrealized gain (loss) recognized in investment income.

In addition to the securities at fair value shown in the table above, the Company has an equity method investment in Galileo Technology and Blockchain LP valued at approximately \$150,000 as of March 31, 2020. As discussed further in Note 3, Investments, to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the Galileo Technology and Blockchain LP, a Canadian limited partnership managed by Galileo, has investments concentrated in technology and cryptocurrency mining stocks. As noted above, exposure to the cryptocurrency industry may result in volatility in the valuation of this investment. Under the equity method, the Company's proportional share of the LP's net income or loss, which primarily consists of realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments offset by expenses, is recognized in the Company's earnings. The potential significant volatility the valuation of the LP's investments could cause the its net income or loss to vary significantly from period to period, which in turn would be reflected in the Company's earnings.

Foreign currency risk

A portion of cash and certain corporate investments, including the Company's equity method investment, are held in foreign currencies, primarily Canadian. Adverse changes in foreign currency exchange rates would lower the value of those cash accounts and corporate investments. Certain assets under management also have exposure to foreign currency fluctuations in various markets, which could impact their valuation and thus the revenue received by the Company.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

An evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2020, was conducted under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2020.

There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2020, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

The following modifications to risk factors is intended to supplement and should be read along with the discussion of other risk factors which could affect the Company included in Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Additional Risk Factor:

Natural disasters, global pandemics and other unpredictable events could adversely affect our operations.

Natural disasters, outbreaks of epidemics, terrorist attacks, extreme weather events or other unpredictable events could adversely affect our revenues, expenses, and net income by:

- decreasing investment valuations in, and returns on, the investment portfolios that we manage and our corporate portfolio, thus causing reductions and volatility in revenue,
- causing disruptions in national or global economies that decrease investor confidence and make investment products generally less attractive,
- incapacitating or reducing the availability of key personnel necessary to conduct our business activities,
- interrupting the Company's business operations or those of critical service providers,
- triggering technology delays or failures, and
- requiring substantial capital expenditures and operating expenses to remediate damage, replace our facilities, and restore our operations.

The Company's business operations are concentrated in San Antonio, Texas. The Company has developed various backup systems and contingency plans but cannot be assured that those preparations will be adequate in all circumstances that could arise, or that material interruptions and disruptions will not occur. The Company also relies to varying degrees on outside vendors for service delivery in addition to technology and disaster contingency support, and there is a risk that these vendors will not be able to perform in an adequate and timely manner. If the Company loses the availability of employees, or if it is unable to respond adequately to such an event in a timely manner, revenues, expenses, and net income could be negatively impacted.

Specifically, the effects of the outbreak of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) since December 2019 have negatively affected the global economy, the United States economy and the global financial markets, and may disrupt the Company's operations and the Company's clients' operations, which could have an adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. Although the long-term effects of the current pandemic cannot currently be predicted, previous occurrences of other pandemic and epidemic diseases had an adverse effect on the economies of those countries in which they were most prevalent. A recurrence of an outbreak of any kind of epidemic, communicable disease or virus or major public health issue could cause a slowdown in the levels of economic activity generally, which would adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition and operations

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

(dollars in thousands, except price data)									
						Total Number of		pproximate Dollar due of Shares that	
						Shares Purchased	Va	May Yet Be	
	Total Number of		Total Amount	A	verage Price Paid	as Part of Publicly	Pu	rchased Under the	
Period	Shares Purchased1		Purchased		Per Share ²	Announced Plan ³		Plan	
01-01-20 to 01-31-20	=	\$	-	\$	=	-	\$	2,750	
02-01-20 to 02-29-20	1,000		1	\$	1.30	1,000	\$	2,749	
03-01-20 to 03-31-20	68,420		67	\$	0.98	68,420	\$	2,682	
Total	69,420	\$	68	\$	0.98	69,420			

¹ The Board of Directors of the company approved on December 7, 2012, and renewed annually, a repurchase of up to \$2.75 million in each of calendar years 2013 through 2020 of its outstanding class A common stock from time to time on the open market in accordance with all applicable rules and regulations.

² The average price paid per share of stock repurchased under the stock repurchase program includes the commissions paid to brokers.

³ The repurchase plan was approved on December 7, 2012, renewed annually, and will continue through calendar year 2020. The total amount of shares that may be repurchased in 2020 under the renewed program is \$2.75 million.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

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HV	hı	bits	_

31.1 Rule 13a-14(a) Certifications (under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002), included herein.
 32.1 Section 1350 Certifications (under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act Of 2002), included herein.

101.INS XBRL Instance Document

101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document

101.CALXBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document101.DEFXBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document101.LABXBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document101.PREXBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereto duly authorized.

U.S. GLOBAL INVESTORS, INC.

DATED:	May 14, 2020	BY: /s/ Frank E. Holmes					
		Frank E. Holmes					
		Chief Executive Officer					
DATED:	May 14, 2020	BY: /s/ Lisa C. Callicotte					
		Lisa C. Callicotte					
		Chief Financial Officer					

Exhibit 31.1 - Rule 13a-14(a) Certifications (under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)

I, Frank E. Holmes, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of U.S. Global Investors, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make
 the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by
 this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 14, 2020		
/s/ Frank E. Holmes		
Frank E. Holmes		
Chief Executive Officer		

Rule 13a-14(a) Certifications (under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Lisa C. Callicotte, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of U.S. Global Investors, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Lisa C. Callicotte
Lisa C. Callicotte
Chief Financial Officer

Date: May 14, 2020

Exhibit 32.1 — Section 1350 Certifications (under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)

In connection with the Quarterly Report of U.S. Global Investors, Inc. (the Company) on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, Frank E. Holmes, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certify to my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 14, 2020
/s/ Frank E. Holmes
Frank E. Holmes
Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of the written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to U.S. Global Investors, Inc. and will be retained by U.S. Global Investors, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Section 1350 Certifications (under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)

In connection with the Quarterly Report of U.S. Global Investors, Inc. (the Company) on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, Lisa C. Callicotte, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certify to my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 3. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 4. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 14, 2020
/s/ Lisa C. Callicotte
Lisa C. Callicotte
Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of the written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to U.S. Global Investors, Inc. and will be retained by U.S. Global Investors, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.